

**TABLE 8.1** Methods of Bicameral Resolution on Public Laws, 1993 to December 2011

Congress	Public Laws	Simple Adoption by One Chamber of the Version Sent to It by the Other	Amendments Between the Houses	Conference*
103rd (1993–1994)	465	291 (63%)	1,112 (24%)	62 (13%)
104th (1995–1996)	333	234 (70%)	55 (17%)	44 (13%)
105th (1997–1998)	394	278 (71%)	77 (20%)	39 (10%)
106th (1999–2000)	580	436 (75%)	106 (18%)	38 (7%)
107th (2001–2002)	377	289 (77%)	55 (15%)	33 (9%)
108th (2003–2004)	498	406 (82%)	57 (11%)	35 (7%)
109th (2005–2006)	482	396 (82%)	60 (12%)	26 (5%)
110th (2007–2008)	460	371 (81%)	80 (17%)	9 (2%)
111th (2009–2010)	385	293 (76%)	78 (20%)	12 (3%)
112th, first session (to December 20, 2011)	73	58 (79%)	13 (18%)	2 (3%)

SOURCE: Elizabeth Rybicki, Congressional Research Service expert on resolving bicameral differences.

\*If both chambers appointed conferees, the measure was included in the count of conference committee, even if some differences were resolved through amendment exchange.